



European Commission

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Public Consultation on the Circular Economy

Fields marked with * are mandatory.

Frequently Asked Questions

on the Consultation on Circular Economy- the file is available for download here:

[FAQs Circular Economy.pdf](#)

1 Introduction

Global competition for resources is increasing. Supply concentration of resources, particularly critical raw materials outside the European Union, makes European industry and society dependent on imports and increasingly vulnerable to high prices, market volatility, and the political situation in supplying countries. At the same time, natural resources are often used unsustainably across the globe, causing additional pressure on raw materials, environmental degradation and threats to ecosystems. This trend will increase with changes in world population and patterns of economic growth.

A 'circular economy' aims to maintain the value of the materials and energy used in products in the value chain for the optimal duration, thus minimising waste and resource use. By preventing losses of value from materials flows, it creates economic opportunities and competitive advantages on a sustainable basis.

Moving towards a more circular economy can promote competitiveness and innovation, a high level of protection for humans and the environment, and bring major economic benefits, thus contributing to job creation and growth. A circular economy fosters sustainable development in which environmental, economic and social dimensions go hand in hand. It can also provide consumers with longer-lasting and innovative products that save them money and improve their quality of life.

A successful transition towards a circular economy requires action at all stages in the value chain: from the extraction and transportation of raw materials, through material and product design, production, distribution and consumption of goods, repair, remanufacturing and reuse schemes, to waste management and recycling.

In December 2014, the Commission announced the withdrawal of its legislative proposal for the review of waste legislation, to be replaced by a new, more ambitious, initiative for the promotion of the circular economy by the end of 2015.

This initiative aims at promoting the transition to the circular economy through a comprehensive, coherent approach that fully reflects interactions and interdependence along the whole value chain, rather than focusing exclusively on one part of the economic cycle. It will comprise a revised legislative proposal on waste and a Communication setting out an action plan on the circular economy for the rest of this Commission's term of office. The action plan will cover the whole value chain, and focus on concrete measures with clear EU added value, aiming at 'closing the loop' of the circular economy. The circular economy initiative will also contribute to wider EU objectives such as the Energy Union, the climate objectives and resource efficiency.

Input from stakeholders and the public will be a key factor in the preparation of this work. The objective of this public consultation is to help the Commission to pinpoint and define the main barriers to the development of a more circular economy and to gather views regarding which measures could be taken at EU level to overcome such barriers.

Public consultations on the review of EU waste targets and on the sustainability of the food system took place in 2013 [The results of these public consultations [can be found here](#)]. This consultation therefore focuses on other points relating to the transition to a circular economy, broadening the scope of inquiry to other parts of the economic cycle (e.g. the production and consumption phases) and general enabling framework conditions (e.g. innovation and investment). Please note that a separate public consultation on waste market distortions will be launched shortly. Stakeholders interested in waste markets may wish to respond to that consultation as well.

Views

Normal [Enhanced](#) [Contrast](#)

Languages

[EN] English

Contact

[ENV-GROW-CIRCULAR-ECONOMY@ec.europa.eu](#)

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2 General information about respondents

***2.1. In what capacity are you completing this questionnaire?**

- As an individual / private person Public authority
 Academic/research institution International organisation
 Civil society organisation Professional organisation
 Private enterprise Other

Does your company/organization make use of any of the following?

- EU eco-label
 EMAS
 Another environmental labelling or management scheme
 No environmental labelling or management scheme
 I don't know

If your organisation is not registered, [you can register now](#)

2.2. Please give your country of residence/establishment

- EU MS/ EEA
 Non-EU MS/ EEA

Please specify the EU MS/EEA country of your establishment:

- | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Austria | <input type="checkbox"/> Belgium | <input type="checkbox"/> Bulgaria | <input type="checkbox"/> Croatia | <input type="checkbox"/> Cyprus | <input type="checkbox"/> Czech Republic |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Denmark | <input type="checkbox"/> Estonia | <input type="checkbox"/> Finland | <input type="checkbox"/> France | <input type="checkbox"/> Germany | <input type="checkbox"/> Greece |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hungary | <input type="checkbox"/> Iceland | <input type="checkbox"/> Ireland | <input type="checkbox"/> Italy | <input type="checkbox"/> Latvia | <input type="checkbox"/> Liechtenstein |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lithuania | <input type="checkbox"/> Luxembourg | <input type="checkbox"/> Malta | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Netherlands | <input type="checkbox"/> Norway | <input type="checkbox"/> Poland |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Portugal | <input type="checkbox"/> Romania | <input type="checkbox"/> Slovakia | <input type="checkbox"/> Slovenia | <input type="checkbox"/> Spain | <input type="checkbox"/> Sweden |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Switzerland | <input type="checkbox"/> United Kingdom | | | | |

2.3.

Please indicate your preference for the publication of your response on the Commission's website:

- Under the name given: I consent to publication of all information in my contribution and I declare that none of it is subject to copyright restrictions that prevent publication
 Anonymously: I consent to publication of all information in my contribution and I declare that none of it is subject to copyright restrictions that prevent publication
 Not at all – please keep my contribution confidential (it will not be published, but will be used internally within the Commission)

2.4. How well informed are you about the circular economy initiative?

- Very well informed
 Fairly well informed
 Not very well informed
 Not informed at all

2.5. Please give your name if replying as an individual/private person, otherwise give the name of your organisation

200 character(s) maximum (200 characters left)

2.6.

Please provide your email address if you would like to be informed of the outcome of this consultation

200 character(s) maximum (187 characters left)

eu@minienm.nl

3 Production phase

The design of a material or product can facilitate recycling, extend its lifetime through reuse, refurbishment or repair and reduce its environmental impact by reducing its energy, waste generation or water consumption over its life cycle.

This section seeks your views on actions that you think the EU should take to promote the circular economy in the production stage, including product design, production and sourcing of materials.

3.1. How would you assess the importance of the following measures to promote circular economy principles in product design at EU level?

| | very important | important | not very important | not important | no opinion |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Establish binding rules on product design (e.g. minimum requirements on 'durability' under Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/EC) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Encourage industry-led initiatives (i.e. self-regulation) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Develop standards for voluntary use | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Promote and/or enable the use of economic incentives for eco-innovation and sustainable product design (e.g. via rules on Extended Producer Responsibility schemes) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Review rules on legal and commercial guarantees | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Encourage the consumption of green products (see section 4) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Other – please specify below | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

Glossary:

Legal guarantees: Tangible goods have a minimum two-year legal guarantee under EU consumer legislation (Directive 99/44/EC). This guarantee makes the seller liable to the consumer for any lack of conformity with the sales contract which exists at the time of delivery of the good and becomes apparent within two years from delivery of the goods.

Commercial guarantees: Guarantees provided by traders to consumers on a voluntary basis, by which the trader undertakes to reimburse the price paid or to replace, repair or handle consumer goods in any way if they do not meet the specifications set out in the guarantee statement or in the relevant advertising.

If you think that additional options not listed above should be considered, please specify:

200 character(s) maximum (57 characters left)

Enhancing, streamlining and optimizing the current set of instruments at EU level and

3.2. In

order to facilitate the transition to a more circular economy, how would you assess the importance of the following product features?

| | very important | important | not very important | not important | no opinion |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Durability | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Reparability: Availability of information on product repair (e.g. repair manuals) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Reparability: Product design facilitating maintenance and repair activities | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Reparability: Availability of spare parts | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Upgradability and modularity | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Reusability | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Biodegradability and compostability | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Resource use in the use phase (e.g. water efficiency) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Recyclability (e.g. dismantling, separation of components, information on chemical content) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Increased content of reused parts or recycled materials | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Increased content of renewable materials | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Minimising lifecycle environmental impacts | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Other- please specify below | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

If you think that additional options not listed above should be considered, please specify:

200 character(s) maximum (37 characters left)

- extending the longevity of products through designs

3.3. How

would you assess the importance of the following additional considerations when applying circular economy principles to products at EU level?

| | very important | important | not very important | not important | no opinion |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Impact on production cost and affordability of the product | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Impact on production processes and value chain | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Impact on consumers (e.g. through durability and reparability) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Functionality of the product | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Enabling innovation | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Respecting technology neutrality | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Impact on EU imports and exports | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Other – please specify below | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

If you think that other considerations not listed above should be taken into account, please specify:

200 character(s) maximum (96 characters left)

Overall gains in eco efficiency in favour of natural capital and biodiversity should be a

3.4.

From a circular economy perspective, in your view which product categories should be given priority in the next few years and why?

at most 3 choice(s)

- White goods (e.g. dishwashers, refrigerators)
- Small domestic appliances (e.g. microwave ovens, food processors)
- Office equipment (e.g. computers, printers)
- Small electronics (e.g. smartphones, cameras)
- Packaging materials
- Heating equipment (e.g. boilers, water heaters)
- Air-conditioning and ventilation systems
- Lighting products
- Motors and pumps
- Industrial equipment
- Clothing and textiles
- Furniture
- Cars
- Construction products (e.g. windows, insulation materials)
- General measures (concerning a broad range of products) should be taken
- Others

If you think that other product categories not listed above should be taken into account, please specify:

200 character(s) maximum (maximum length exceeded by 1 characters)

Overall gains in eco efficiency in favour of natural capital and biodiversity

Please

give reasons for your choice: small domestic appliances

Please

give reasons for your choice: clothing and textiles

Please

give reasons for your choice: cars

Please

give reasons for your choice: construction products

Please

give reasons for your choice: general measures

Please

give reasons for your choice: others

3.5. Which

of the actions listed below should be given priority at EU level to promote circular economy solutions in production processes?

| | very important | important | not very important | not important | no opinion |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Promote cooperation across value chains (e.g. through encouraging new managerial modes) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Address potential regulatory obstacles in EU legislation - please specify | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Address potential regulatory gaps in EU legislation - please specify | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Support the development of innovative business models (e.g. leasing) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Improve the interface between chemicals and waste legislation | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Promote collaboration between and among private and public sectors, including end-users | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Support the development of digital solutions | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Identify and promote exchange of best practice | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Identify minimum standards for increasing resource-efficient processes (e.g. Best Available Techniques) | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Ensure availability of reliable data on material flows across value chains | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Provide access to finance for high-risk projects | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Other – please specify below | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

Please specify which regulatory obstacles you are referring to

200 character(s) maximum (200 characters left)

If

you think that further options not listed above should be considered, please specify:

200 character(s) maximum (1 characters left)

Please

specify which regulatory gaps you are referring to

300 character(s) maximum (26 characters left)

3.6. How

effective do you think each of the actions at EU level listed below would be in promoting sustainable production and sourcing of raw materials?

| | very effective | effective | neutral | not effective | no opinion |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Establishing a legally binding framework at EU level (e.g. sustainability criteria) | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Developing and promoting voluntary compliance schemes | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Addressing the issue through trade policy | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Addressing the issue through the promotion of targeted global initiatives | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Promoting the exchange of best practice among businesses | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Other – please specify below | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

If you think that further

options not listed above should be considered, please specify:

200 character(s) maximum (18 characters left)

3.7. Do you have any

other comments about the production phase?

500 character(s) maximum (334 characters left)

4 Consumption Phase

The consumers' perspective is an essential part of the circular economy. On the one hand, consumers make choices about the products they purchase and use; on the other hand these choices are affected by a range of factors, including the behaviour of other people, the way consumers receive information or advice, the availability of repair and maintenance services, and the perceived costs and benefits of their choices.

This section seeks your views on the best way to promote the circular economy in the consumption phase.

4.1. How

would you assess the importance of the following measures to promote circular economy principles in the consumption phase at EU level?

| | very important | important | not very important | not important | no opinion |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Provide more information relevant to the circular economy to consumers, for example on expected lifetime of products or availability of spare parts | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Ensure the clarity, credibility and relevance of consumer information related to the circular economy (e.g. via labels, advertising, marketing etc.) and protect consumers from false and misleading information in this respect | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Organise EU-wide awareness campaigns to promote the circular economy | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Improve/clarify rules and practices affecting consumer protection (e.g. relating to legal and commercial guarantees) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Take action on product and material design (see section 3) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Encourage financial incentives to consumers at national level (e.g. by differentiated taxation levels depending on products' resource efficiency) | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Take measures targeting public procurement (e.g. through criteria for Green Public Procurement) | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Encourage new modes of consumption such as shared ownership (e.g. car sharing), collaborative consumption, leasing and the use of internet-based solutions | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Promote the development of repair and maintenance services | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Encourage waste prevention (e.g. minimising food waste) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Other – please specify below | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

If you think that further options not listed above should be considered, please specify:

200 character(s) maximum (22 characters left)

The Commission should play an encouraging and facilitating role for European retailers and ↕

4.2.

Which products should be a priority for EU action to promote more sustainable consumption patterns and why?

at most 3 choice(s)

- White goods (e.g. dishwashers, refrigerators)
- Electronics
- Food and beverages
- Packaging materials
- Clothing and textiles
- Furniture
- Cars
- Construction products
- General measures (concerning all consumer products) should be taken
- Other – please specify below

Please

give reasons for your choice: electronics

200 character(s) maximum (4 characters left)

High rate of replacement through buying of new products, fast outdating and obsolescence

Please

give reasons for your choice: food and beverages

200 character(s) maximum (52 characters left)

reliable and accessible information on the impact of consumption patterns;

Please

give reasons for your choice: clothing and textile

200 character(s) maximum (11 characters left)

High rate of replacement through buying of new products, fast outdating because of fashion,

4.3.

Do you have any other comments about the consumption phase?

500 character(s) maximum (500 characters left)

5 Markets for secondary raw materials

Secondary raw materials are waste materials which are to be sold and used for recycling in manufacturing. At present, they still account for a very small portion of the material used in the EU. The quality and supply of secondary raw materials depends greatly on waste management practices and the degree of separation of material streams at source. However, other barriers to the development of markets for secondary raw materials can be identified. Some of these barriers may be of a horizontal nature, while others may only be relevant to specific types of material.

5.1. In

your view, what are the main obstacles to the development of markets for secondary raw materials in the EU?

In the list below, for each material, indicate the obstacle(s) that you consider significant by ticking the corresponding cell(s)

| | Significant for all materials | Bio-nutrients | Construction aggregates | Critical raw materials | Glass | Metals | Paper | Plastic | Wood/Biomass |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Lack of EU-wide quality standards for recycled materials | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Poor quality of recycled materials (e.g. containing unwanted substances/high contamination) | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Lack of information or misinformation about the quality of recycled materials | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Poor availability of waste/material to be recycled | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Poor reliability of supply for recycled materials | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Low demand for recycled materials (e.g. on the EU market) | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Cost differential between primary and secondary raw materials | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Organisational cost of switching from primary to secondary raw materials in industrial processes | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Regulatory obstacles at national/regional/local level | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Regulatory obstacles at EU level | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Regulatory gaps at EU level | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Regulatory gaps at national/regional/local level | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Insufficient cooperation/exchange of information along the value chain (e.g. between producers, recyclers and | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| authorities responsible for waste management) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lack of reliable data on secondary raw material flows | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| No opinion | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Other- please specify below | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Glossary:

Bio-nutrients- Recovered material such as nitrogen, or phosphorus and organic matter (from e.g. sewage sludge and farm organic matter residues), for use as fertiliser.

Construction aggregates- Coarse particulate material used in construction, including sand, gravel, crushed stone or slag.

Critical raw materials- Critical raw materials are raw materials of great economic importance to the EU, with a high risk of disruption of supply. The European Commission has listed them here: http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/raw-materials/critical/index_en.htm

5.2. In your view, what are the most relevant actions to take at EU level to remove the obstacles you have identified as significant? Please be specific

Lack of EU-wide quality standards for recycled materials

500 character(s) maximum (130 characters left)

Bionutrients: standard for fertilizers from secondary source are lacking. EU standards will

Poor quality of recycled materials

500 character(s) maximum (305 characters left)

EU standards , e.g. End-of-Waste criteria, can help to establish an EU wide safe level of

Lack of information or misinformation about the quality of recycled materials

500 character(s) maximum (319 characters left)

Construction aggregates: stimulation of setting up raw material-passports for used

Low demand for recycled materials

500 character(s) maximum (399 characters left)

Market for secondary materials should be stimulated. Prices for primary materials are

Cost differential between primary and secondary raw materials

500 character(s) maximum (328 characters left)

Construction aggregates: by rewarding the use of secondary raw materials and discourage

Regulatory obstacles at national/regional/local level

500 character(s) maximum (370 characters left)

End of waste status.

Regulatory

gaps at EU level

500 character(s) maximum (247 characters left)

Bionutrients: Extending the scope of Regulation (EC) nr. 2003/2003 to include organic

Lack

of reliable data on secondary raw material flows

500 character(s) maximum (455 characters left)

EU could facilitate this to get EU wide data.

5.3.

Which secondary raw materials markets should the EU target first to improve the way they work?

at most 3 choice(s)

- Bio-nutrients (e.g. nitrogen, phosphorus and organic matter from e.g. sewage sludge and farm organic matter residues) for fertiliser use
- Construction aggregates (i.e. coarse particulate material used in construction, including sand, gravel, crushed stone, slag)
- Critical raw materials such as rare earth elements or certain precious metals
- Glass
- Metals
- Paper
- Plastics
- Wood/Biomass
- Other – please specify below

Please

give reasons for your choice: Bio-nutrients for fertiliser use

Bio-nutrients : Innovative technologies enable recovery of nutrients, such as phosphate,

Please

give reasons for your choice: Plastics

Please

give reasons for your choice: Wood/Biomass

Wood/biomass: Technology has now reached the point where plastics and all sorts of other

5.4.

Do you have any other comments about the development of markets for secondary raw materials?

500 character(s) maximum (3 characters left)

Avoid narrow definition of secondary resources in legal frameworks e.g. "secondary"

6 Sectoral measures

Certain sectors may require a tailored approach in order to 'close the loop' of the circular economy, and some could be made strategic priorities in order to accelerate the transition.

This section seeks your views on which sector(s) should be considered a priority for EU action, and which relevant measures or actions should be taken.

6.1.

In your view, which sectors should be a priority for specific EU action on the circular economy and why?

at most 3 choice(s)

- Agriculture
- Bio-nutrients (e.g. from sewage sludge or farm organic matter residues) for use in fertilisers
- Chemical industry and process manufacturing
- Construction/demolition and buildings
- Electrical and electronic goods
- Energy
- Fisheries/ aquaculture
- Food and drinks, including reduction of food waste
- Forest-based and other bio-based products
- Furniture
- Information and communication technologies
- Mining and quarrying
- Plastics
- Retailing
- Services
- Textiles
- Transport
- Water sector/sewage treatment
- Other- please specify below

6.2. For the sectors that you have selected, what measure(s) would be needed at EU level?

Agriculture

500 character(s) maximum (374 characters left)

high value reuse of recycled aggregates possibilities for circularity in built in parts in the

Bio-nutrients

for use in fertilisers

500 character(s) maximum (411 characters left)

review EPR in a way that it has effects on design , use, re-use and quality of recycling

Food

and drinks, including reduction of food waste

500 character(s) maximum (410 characters left)

very high ecological impact, large product sector, much improvement necessary and

7 Enabling factors for the circular economy, including innovation and investment

Enabling factors are essential to support the development of the circular economy could include supporting the development, dissemination and uptake of innovative solutions, investing in technology and infrastructure, supporting SMEs and developing the required skills and qualifications.

This section seeks your views on the role of these enabling factors in the development of the circular economy.

7.1. How important are the following enabling factors in promoting the circular economy at EU level?

| | very important | important | not very important | not important | no opinion |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Financing innovative projects or technologies relevant to the circular economy (from EU funds, e.g. Horizon 2020) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Public incentives (e.g. financial guarantees) for private investors to finance projects conducive to the circular economy | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Support for the development of circular economy projects (e.g. technical assistance) | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Support for innovative systemic approaches and cross-sectoral cooperation (e.g. industrial symbiosis and cascading use of resources) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Partnerships with public authorities to help innovative businesses overcome potential legal obstacles to innovation | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Promotion of innovative business models for the circular economy (e.g. leasing and sharing) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Specific measures to encourage the uptake of the circular economy among SMEs | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Exchange and promotion of best practice | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Promoting the development of skills/qualifications relevant to the circular economy | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Support for capacity-building in public administrations | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Support for market penetration of innovative projects through labelling, certification and standards, public procurement for innovation, etc. | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Better monitoring the implementation and impact of policies contributing towards the circular economy agenda | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Increasing the knowledge base by collecting and providing information and data e.g. on material flows, technologies and consumption patterns | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |
| Other- please specify below | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> |

If you think that other measures not listed above should be considered, please specify:

200 character(s) maximum (5 characters left)

frontrunner policy, dynamic standardsetting, pre-commercial and innovative

7.2.

Do you have any other comments about enabling factors to promote the circular economy?

500 character(s) maximum (maximum length exceeded by 8 characters)

Propose an outline for a fit for purpose governance and monitoring process, at all policy

8

Upload documents

If your organization prepared a dedicated position paper or wants to share any other related materials with the Commission, please use the upload function:

 _ NL - Further proposals for a new circular economy package.pdf

Select file to upload

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